



N A T U R E

Cantabria



Cantabria
Infinita

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Cantabria Natural Scenery (map)	4
Picos de Europa National Park.....	6
Natural Reserve of the Marshes of Santoña Victoria, and Joyel	8
Collados del Asón Nature Reserve.....	10
Oyambre Nature Reserve	12
Saja-Besaya Nature Reserve.....	14
Peña Cabarga Massif.....	16
Costa Quebrada and Nature Reserve of Liencres	18
The Pasiego Valleys	20
The Ebro Reservoir	22
Santander Bay	24
Cabárceno Nature Park.....	27
Sharing beaches.....	28
Information of interest.....	31

NATURE IN CANTABRIA

Edita: Gobierno de Cantabria (Sociedad Regional Cántabra de Promoción Turística, S.A. CANTUR)

Diseño y maquetación: © C&C Publicidad, S.A.

Fotografía: Archivo C&C Publicidad

y (Sociedad Regional Cántabra de Promoción Turística, S.A. CANTUR)

Texto: © C&C Publicidad, S.A.

Imprime: Artes Gráficas J. Martínez

Depósito legal: SA 14-2019

Impreso en España 2019

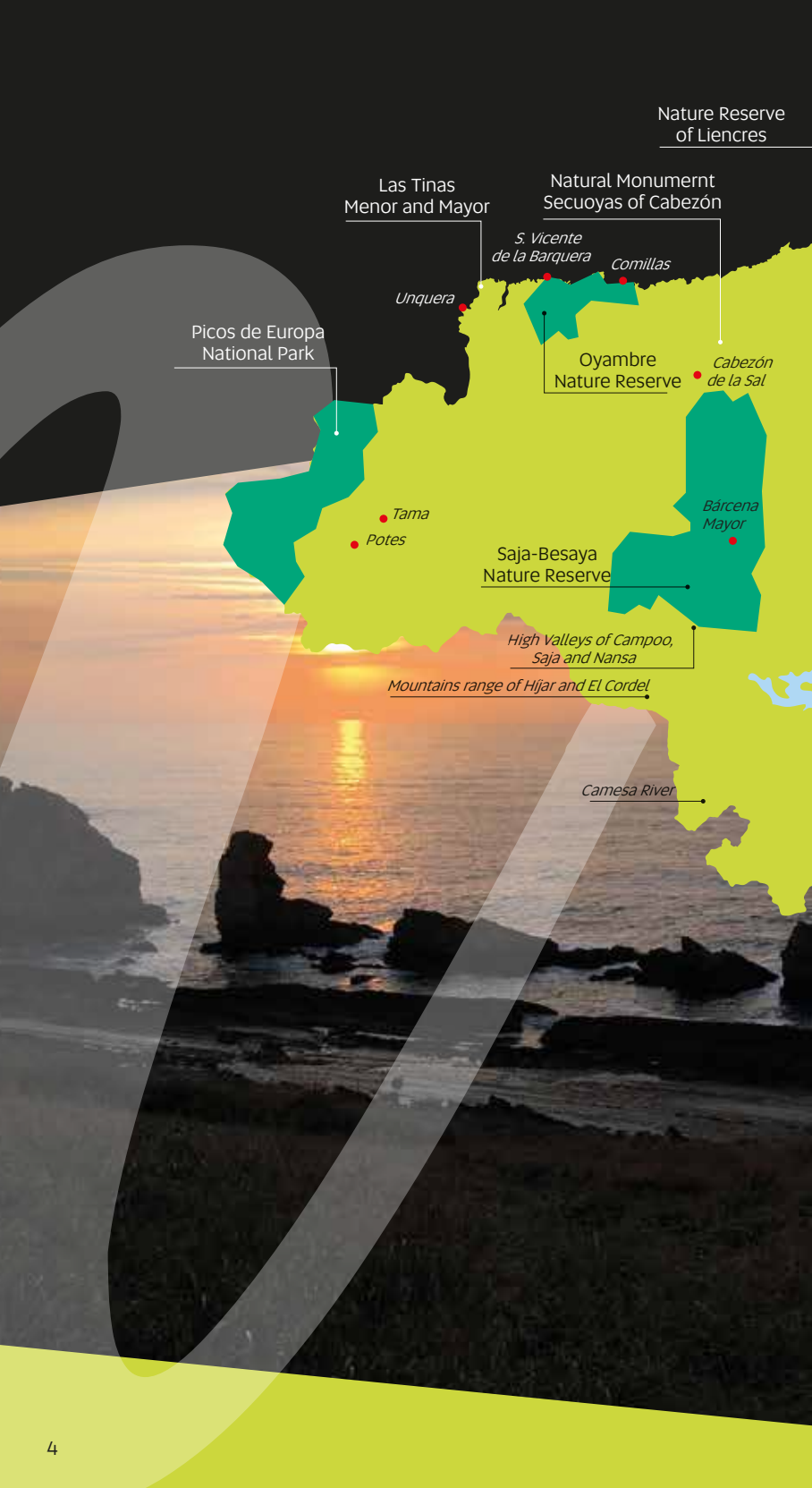


S H A R I N G

nature

Cantabria stands out for its nature and the abundance of its protected sites. One third of the area of 5,289 km² of the region is protected in some way, and this is reflected in the landscape: extensive forests, beaches surrounded by meadows, cliffs of unique beauty, marshes full of life, hills, and mountains where a harmonious nature reigns.

Sharing nature implies mainly respect for and care of it, so a better knowledge of it is required. Cantabria counts on a large number of companies offering nature routes and activities, although this publication only mentions those organizations - Naturea Cantabria, the Man and Nature Foundation, and the Costa Quebrada association – which collaborate closely with the institutions and their management of the public use of natural resources and guarantee the quality and the continuity of their activities.



Nature Reserve of Liencres

Las Tinas Menor and Mayor

Natural Monument Secuoyas of Cabezón

Picos de Europa National Park

S. Vicente de la Barquera

Comillas

Unquera

Oyambre Nature Reserve

Cabezón de la Sal

Tama

Potes

Bárcena Mayor

Saja-Besaya Nature Reserve

High Valleys of Campoo, Saja and Nansa

Mountains range of Hjar and El Cordel

Camesa River





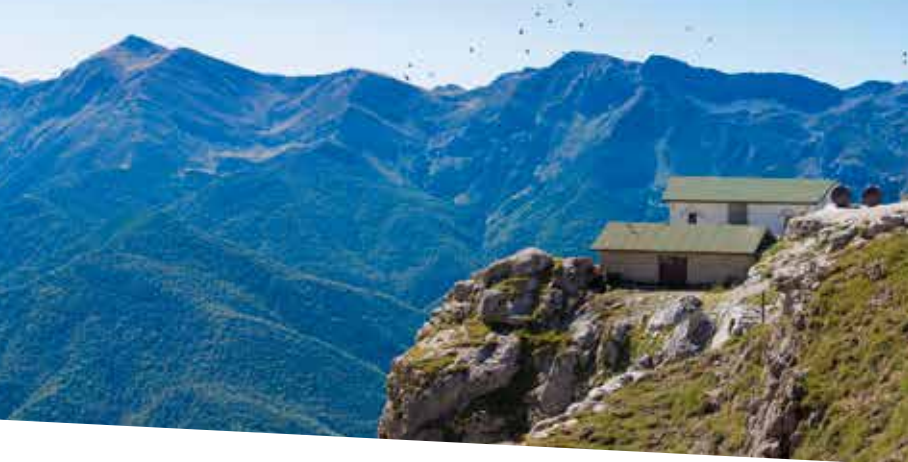
PICOS DE EUROPA

National Park

The Picos de Europa National Park is the highest area of the Cantabrian Mountain Range, magnificent scenery in which the district of Liébana is set. With a total area of 67,455 hectares, the park is divided between three Autonomous Regions: Cantabria, Asturias and Castilla y León. The territory in this National Park has a remarkable range of altitudes from almost sea level (the 90 m of the gorge of the River Cares) up to the 2,646 m of the Torrecerredo peak, the 2,619 m of Torre Blanca, and the 2,613 m of Peña Vieja.

The Picos de Europa are divided into three massifs delimited by deep defiles cut in the living rock: the Macizo Occidental or of El Corni3n, the Macizo Central or of Los Urrieles, and the Macizo Oriental or of 3ndara, with the last two being in Cantabria. The profile of their rock peaks is visible from practically anywhere in the region. The Picos de Europa hold an outstanding fauna and flora. The chamois domain the heights, without forgetting the





Golden Eagle, although other seriously endangered species like the bear and the capercaillie are also present at lower altitude. Rocky places and crags alternate with beech forests and at lower levels with oak groves and mixed forests which hold a diversity of mammals such as wolves, wild boars, badgers, wild cats, genets...

Liébana is a paradise for hiking where one can enjoy a large number of well-signposted routes between picturesque villages such as Camaleño and Tresviso. The Fuente Dé cable car, which rises 753 metres, reaches the Mirador del Cable viewpoint and the Mountain Passes of Áliva in the Central Massif. As all precautions necessary in high mountain areas must be taken to enter this hiking area, hiring an expert guide is recommended.



PICOS DE EUROPA NATIONAL PARK

Area: 15,318 hectares (in Cantabria)

Type: High mountain

Access points:

Fuente Dé: Information centre of the National Park (only in season).
La Dehesa parking area (Camaleño).

Fuente Dé cable car: Camaleño (Liébana). Telephone 942 736 610. www.cantur.com

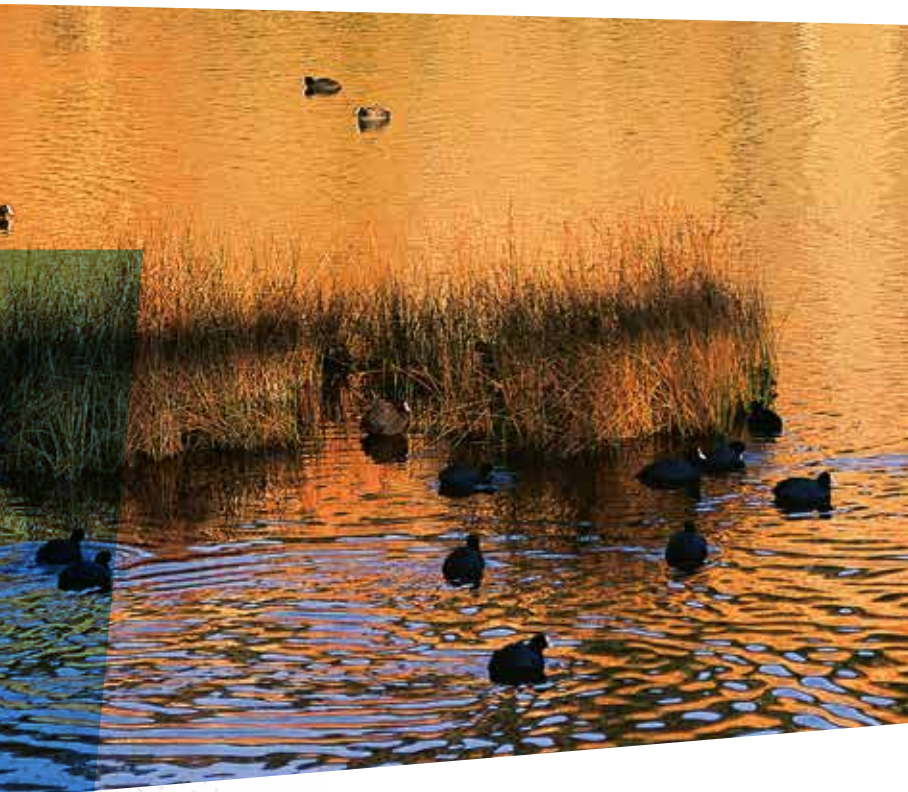
Hiking route: Urdón-Tresviso ascent.

Hiking route network: around the Liébana Valley.



NATURE RESERVE OF THE MARSHES OF SANTOÑA

Victoria and Joyel



The Nature Reserve of the Marshes of Santoña, Noja, Joyel and Victoria is a spectacle of light, reflections, and natural life. This is an outstanding location where birds of passage can rest and shelter; tens of thousands of birds of many species can be found at peak periods (early spring and mid-autumn). It is a vital stopover for migratory birds between northern Europe and Doñana and the north of Africa.

The reserve covers the municipalities of Santoña, Cicero, Escalante, Argoños, Noja, Limpias, Ampuero and Arnuero and also reaches Laredo, Colindres and Voto.

The Monte Buciero dominates the entry to the marshes and is joined to the mainland by a sandy tombolo. A path climbs around the hill to give the best views of the reserve and of the coast. At the foot of the Monte Buciero the Santoña promenade and the Berria Beach extend for two kilometres until the point of El Brusco. The labyrinth of marshes and estuaries which make up the Nature Reserve covers a protected area of over 6,500 hectares easily accessible from several towns. Routes and guided activities are provided by the Santoña interpretation centre.



NATURE RESERVE OF THE MARSHES OF SANTOÑA, VICTORIA AND JOYEL

Area: 6.907 hectares

Type: Coastal wetland

Contact:

Interpretation Centre of the Nature Reserve of the Marshes of Santoña, Victoria y Joyel. Tel. 942 671 724 / 674 617 628. www.natureacantabria.com

Access points:

Santoña: Bird observatory (CA-241 Cicero-Santoña road)


Argoños: Pedestrian routes around the Ancillo Tide Mill

Arnuero: Trasmiera Ecopark. Tel. 676 486 111

Rutas senderistas: El Buciero (starting from Santoña) and Monte Aila (starting from Laredo)

COLLADOS DEL ASÓN

Nature Reserve



The River Asón has its source in the deep Soba Valley in an intricate massif of the Cantabrian mountain range with a height of some 1,600 metres.

This land features all the main characteristics of the Cantabrian landscape, a deeply rural land holding cattle with high limestone mountains eroded by small rivers running through the forests or the cavities of the subsoil.

A good example of this is the River Asón itself, which springs from a karst upwelling in the village of the same name to form a natural waterfall of over 50 metres in height. This waterfall rarely dries up not even in summer but it is most fast-flowing and spectacular during the spring thaw.





The Collados del Asón Nature Reserve guarantees the preservation of these impressive landscapes, the inhabitants of which have adapted their way of life in close harmony with nature. The high meadows where goats, sheep and cows graze and the oak, beech and holm oak woods fit as best they can into the vertical openings in the rock. The ever-present water in the brooks and torrents gives rise to rich and abundant wildlife. The roe deer, the wild boar, the fox and the wolf abound, together with the vultures and a wide variety of birds of prey.

COLLADOS DEL ASÓN NATURE RESERVE

Area: 4.740 hectares

Type: Average altitude mountain

Contact:

Collados del Asón Nature Reserve Interpretation Centre: La Gándara (Soba).

Tel. 942 677 371 / 619 892 634. www.natureacantabria.com

Alto Asón Centre of Tourist Initiatives: Ramales de la Victoria.

Tel. 942 646 504. www.altoason.com

Hiking routes Valdeasón (starting from Arredondeo or from Asón to Cailagua).

OYAMBRE

Nature Reserve

The unique landscape of Oyambre on the western coast of Cantabria was declared a Nature Reserve in 1988. Its area of 5,758 hectares spreads over the municipalities of San Vicente de la Barquera, Valdáliga, Comillas, Udías and Val de San Vicente.

All the ecosystems characteristic of the Cantabrian coast are featured in Oyambre: the estuary of San Vicente de la Barquera and the estuary of La Rabia, rich in life, which change their appearance with the tidal movement; extensive areas of marshes which are a refuge for a varied avifauna; several beaches and dunes in the expanses of sand of Oyambre and Merón; and cliffs and pasturelands and the Monte Corona area located in the extreme south of the reserve with various species of large trees.

As the reserve receives a high afflux of tourists, especially in summer, the rules of the parking and camping areas must be observed.

Uccini





OYAMBRE NATURE RESERVE

Area: 5.758 hectares

Type: Coastal wetland

Contact:

Oyambre Nature Reserve Interpretation Centre:

San Vicente de la Barquera, Punta de la Silla Lighthouse.

Tel. 942 712 019 / 696 934 603. www.natureacantabria.com

Access points:

San Vicente de la Barquera – Abaño road

San Vicente de la Barquera – Valdáliga coastal road

CA-301: Comillas – La Revilla – Ríoturbio road





S A J A - B E S A Y A

Nature Reserve

This area of average altitude mountains spreads between the basins of the rivers Saja and Besaya in the west-central part of Cantabria. It covers the municipalities of Arenas de Iguña, Cabuérniga, Cieza, Hermandad de Campoo de Suso, Ruento and Los Tojos, as well as the Mancomunidad de Campoo-Cabuérniga, with traditional Cantabrian style villages such as Carmona or Bárcena Mayor which are included in the network of "The most beautiful villages in Spain". Protected since 1988, this reserve occupies an area of 24,500 hectares, of which one fourth holds mainly beech and oak woods where highly valuable and sensitive species such as the otter and the golden eagle can be found and even the brown bear. It is the ideal place to listen to the rutting deer in autumn and enjoy hiking routes all year round.

The Los Tojos Interpretation Centre organizes guided activities and provides information for self-guided visits.



SAJA-BESAYA NATURE RESERVE

Area: 24.500 hectares

Type: Forest

Contact:

Saja-Besaya Nature Reserve Interpretation Centre: CA-280 road, km 13, Los Tojos
Tel. 608 065 846. www.natureacantabria.com

Access points:

CA-280 road: Valle-Espinilla

CA-817 road: to Bárcena Mayor

CA-804 road: Las Fraguas - Los Llares

Regional Nature Museum: Carrejo (Cabezón de la Sal). Tel. 942 701 808

PEÑA CABARGA

Massif

The natural scenery of the Peña Cabarga Massif can easily be seen to the south of Santander Bay in the heart of the Sierra de la Gándara. The summit of Peña Cabarga, 569 metres high and where the Monument to the Indiano is located, offers one of the best panoramic views of the region. Although you can get there by car, we suggest you take the footpath which climbs from Santiago de Heras.



Its area of 2,588 hectares spreads over the municipalities of Liérganes, Medio Cudeyo, Penagos and Villaescusa. It also includes the karst of Cabárceno, a geological formation characterized by its attractive morphology and red colour which is the result of the dissolution of calcareous rocks and abundant iron ore.

PEÑA CABARGA MASSIF

Area: 2.588 hectares

Type: Average altitude mountain

Access points:

CA-412 road: Heras - Peña Cabarga

Educational route: Heras Reservoir - Sobremazas



NATURE RESERVE

Dunes of Liencres and Costa Quebrada

Where the River Pas empties into the sea in the municipality of Piélagos, 12 kilometres from Santander, the interaction between the wind and the coastal currents have shaped one of the most extensive dune systems on the shores of the Cantabrian Sea. The Dunes of Liencres reserve is easily accessible and much visited with its numerous paths and long beaches. As the ecosystem is sensitive and the beaches highly exposed to the open sea, the area must be treated with maximum respect and caution.



The dune ecosystem contains little vegetation but this is highly specific and fragile, which means visitors must use the marked paths. When treading on the sand one can break the long roots of these plants, which are necessary to collect the water they need to survive under the harsh conditions of the saline environment. This typical vegetation of hard leaves is complemented by the local fauna of large lizards and numerous water birds, which can be seen especially in winter.

Liencres occupies a more extensive setting known as the Costa Quebrada Geological Reserve, with landscapes of characteristic cliffs which stretch from the beaches of Miengo to El Sardinero in Santander.

DUNES OF LIENCRES NATURE RESERVE

Area: 195 hectares

Type: Dune system

Costa Quebrada Environmental Classroom: Soto de la Marina Tel. 681 628 884.
www.parquegeologicocostaquebrada.com

Access points:

CA-305 road: Liencres

Hiking route: Santander-Liencres through the Route of the Northern Coast of Santander.

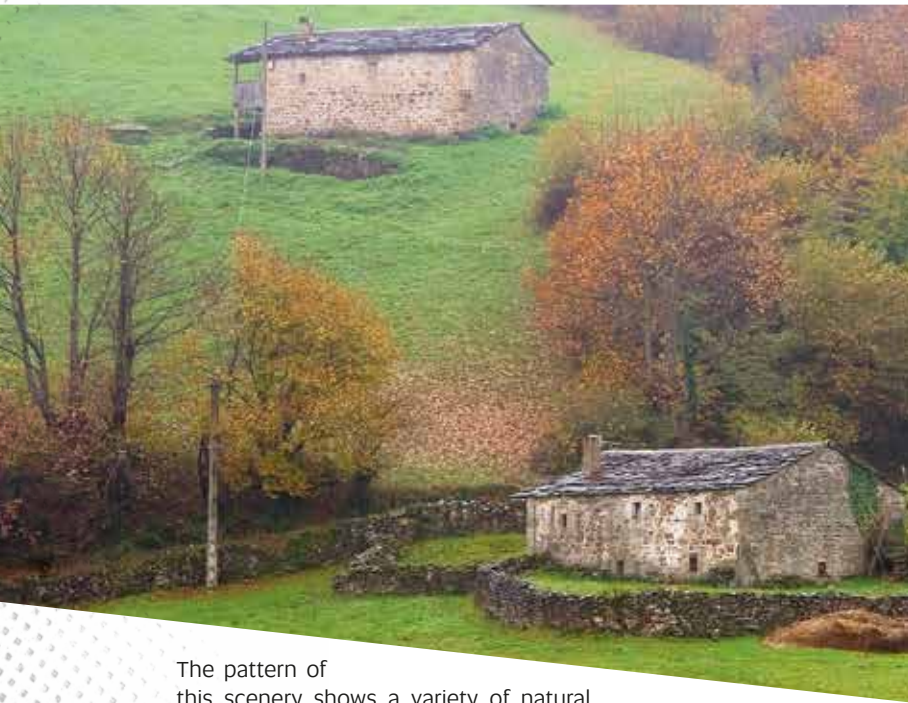
Meer



THE PASIEGO

valleys

Taking their name from the River Pas, the Pasiego Valleys spread over the upper basins of the Rivers Pas, Pisueña and Miera. Being an extremely intricate and rugged mountain area, it contains siliceous rock eroded and shaped over the centuries by the torrents and glaciers.



The pattern of this scenery shows a variety of natural environments created not only by the different orientations, altitudes, and the exposure to rain and wind, but also by another important transformation agent: the human being. Having been occupied for five centuries by an unusual cattle breeding community, the pasiegos, these hills are free of trees and covered with pastureland and scattered stone huts which were inhabited by whole families living in direct contact with nature.

The Natura Network Information Centre, located in Puente Viesgo, and the Fluviarium, the interpretation centre of the river in Liérganes, provide information and varied activities so you can enjoy nature in this vast area.



PASIEGO VALLEYS

Protected areas included in the Natura 2000 Network.

Type: Mountain valleys

Fluviarium Ecomuseum of the Mountains and the Pasiego River Basins: Camino Real S/N Liérganes. 942 528 196 www.fnyh.org

Natura 2000 Network information centre for the Valles Pasiegos: Former railway station. Puente Viesgo. 666 603 431 www.natureacantabria.com

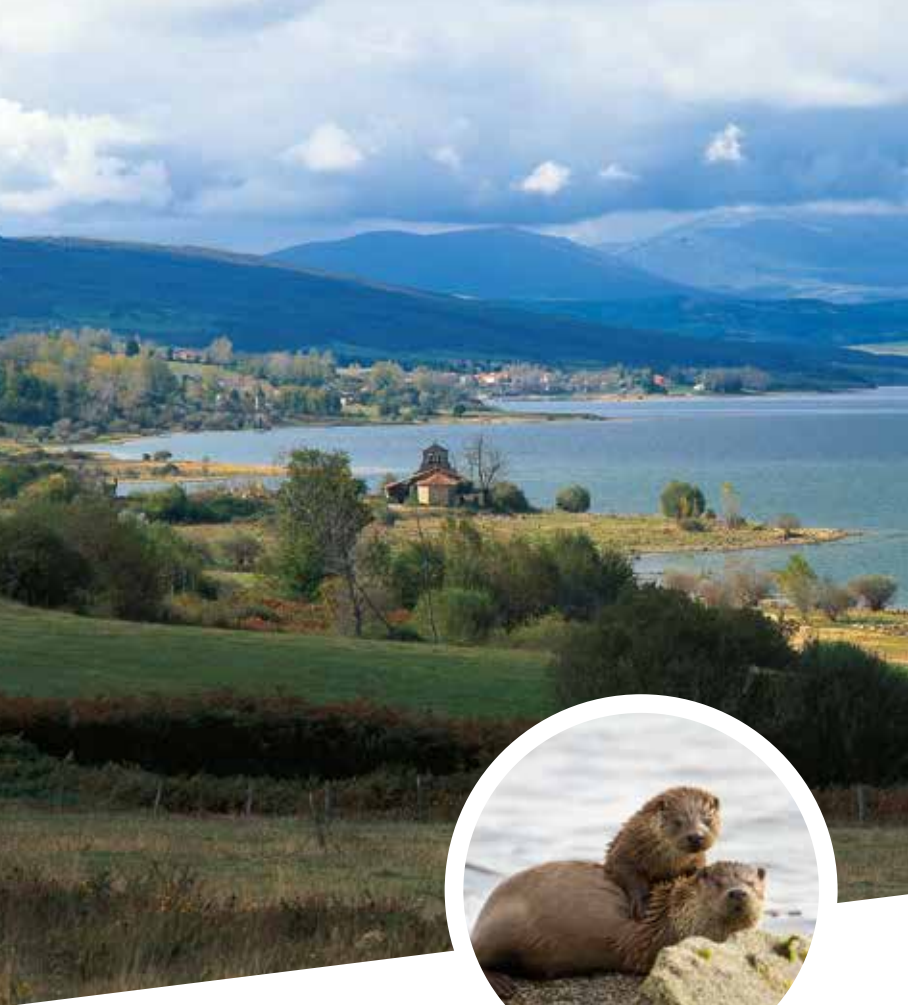
Access points:

CA-260 road: Liérganes-San Roque de Riomiera

Road: CA-142 Sarón-Vega de Pas

Road: CA-270 Puente Viesgo-Villacarriedo

Road: CA-263 Entrambasmestas-Vega de Pas



EBRO

Reservoir

The Campoo-Los Valles district, located at the southernmost point of Cantabria, includes an impressive variety of natural landscapes which are closely interrelated, with water being their leitmotiv: the Híjar and El Cordel Sierras, the upper valleys of the Saja and Alto Campoo, the headwaters of the rivers Ebro and Camesa, the reservoir, and the canyons...included in the Natura 2000 network.

On the shores of the reservoir, the village of La Población holds the Ebro Reservoir Ornithology Centre, which provides educational trips, guided tours, activities and all the information necessary to enjoy the rich nature of this area all year round without harming the environment.



The reservoir is a unique spot for observing birds as the surrounding wetlands hold over 70 species both resident and migratory.

The centre offers routes to observe the protected areas and their fauna at various times of the year –birds, bats, butterflies, deer...– especially during the most significant moments of the year's cycle.



EBRO RESERVOIR

Area of scenic and natural interest included in the ZEPA and LiC networks.

Area: 1,000 hectares approx.

Type: Average altitude mountain – reservoir

Ebro Reservoir Ornithology Centre: La Población (Campoo de Yuso)
Tel. 942 04 94 38 y 608 413 109. www.natureacantabria.com

Access points:

Orzales, La Costana, La Población and Corconte on the CA 171 road Arroyo and Llano on the CA 730 road.

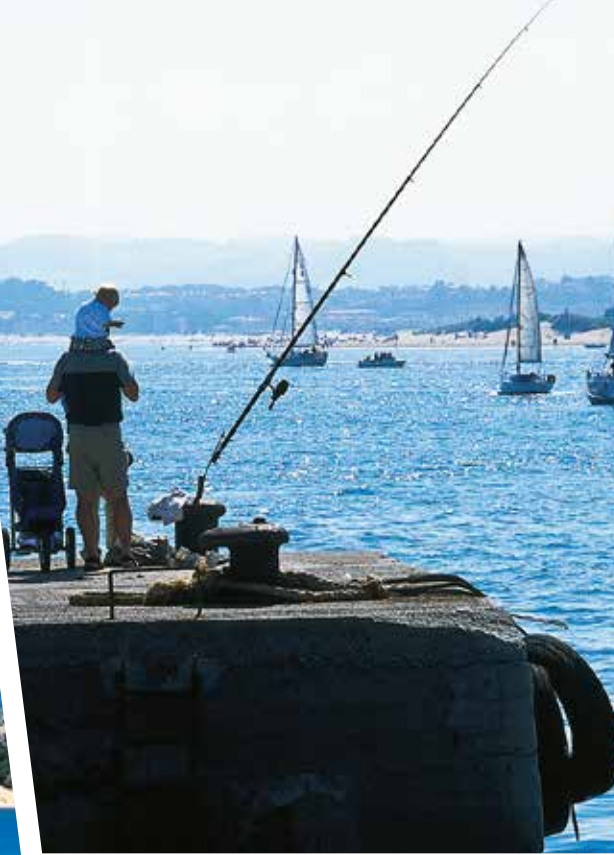
SANTANDER

bay

The Santander Bay is one of the most important distinguishing marks of the city and region. Its beaches are the most renowned and appreciated natural areas of the bay and extend along five kilometres of coast, which alternate with green areas of rare beauty. We recommend taking a trip around the Santander Bay by motorboat in order to appreciate it in detail. The boats depart from the promenade and track around the whole bay to reach the beaches of Somo and El Puntal on the southern shore and finally reach the Cabo Mayor lighthouse.

Ueeuu





On land, the hiking route which runs all along the coast from Somo to Galizano is outstanding. The paths and the Marisma Blanca bird observatory in the town of El Astillero are also remarkable as are the Costa Quebrada routes, which start in Cabo Menor at the northern end of El Sardinero Beach and reach La Virgen del Mar.

SANTANDER BAY

Area of scenic and natural interest under coastal protection.

Area: 5,000 hectares approx. Type: Littoral

Access points:

Cantabrian Maritime Museum: C/ Gamazo, s/n. Santander. Tel. 942 274 962

Casa de la naturaleza: C/ Alday s/n. Camargo (Valle Real Shopping Centre).
Tel. 679 181 472 – www.fnyh.org

Hiking Route Network and Marisma Blanca Marsh Bird Observatory: Astillero.

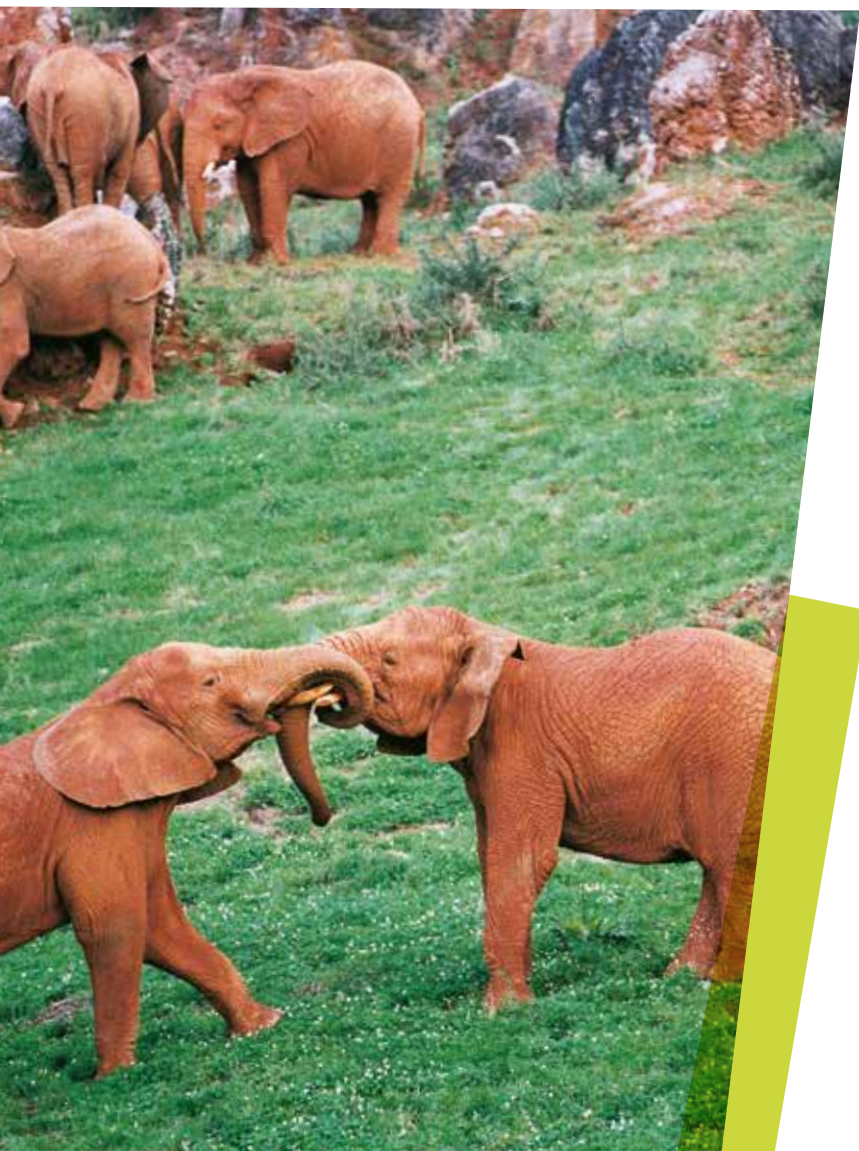
Sea routes:

Los Reginas: Calderón Quay, (Paseo de Pereda, Santander).

Tel: 942 216 753 - www.losreginas.com.

Santander Bahía tours: Gamazo Quay. Tel: 942 369 022. santanderbahiatours.com

Hiking route: Somo - El Puntal - Cabo Galizano



CABÁRCENO NATURE PARK

Area: 750 hectares approx.

Type: This nature park holds wildlife living in semi-freedom from the five continents and is also a centre for the conservation and recovery of species.

Access points:

Obregón (Villaescusa) and Cabárceno (Penagos). Tel. 902 210 112 - 942 563 736
www.parquedecabarceno.com

CABÁRCENO

nature park

The Cabárceno Nature Park is located some 15 kilometres from Santander and very close to the Cantabrian dual carriageway (Santander-Bilbao). Its 750 hectares originally held an open-pit iron mine which has been adapted for hiking and vehicular traffic by means of a network of paths, tunnels and roads. This magnificent karst landscape has been equipped with areas perfectly suitable for over one hundred different animal species –from the most exotic ones to others which best represent the Iberian and Cantabrian fauna– to live in semi-freedom under conditions which most resemble their original habitat. The premises of the Cabárceno Park are among the most highly valued by organizations devoted to protecting the quality of life of animals.

Numerous scientific studies are being carried out in the park on the conservation of endangered species, and educational and awareness activities are organized with different animal species.



SHARING

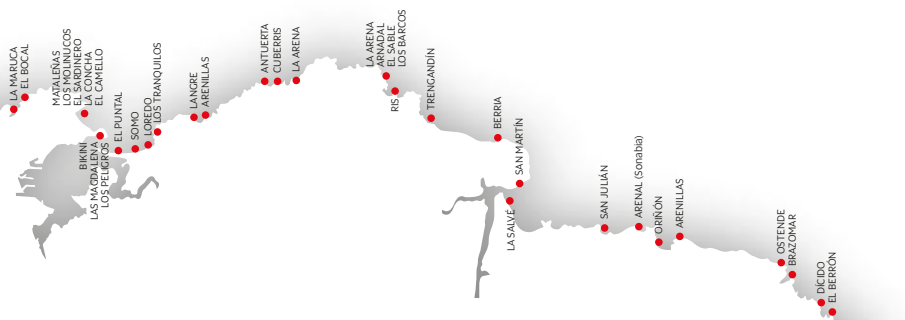
beaches

The Cantabrian coastline extends over 250 kilometres from the mouth of the river Deva in the west to the Ontón estuary in the east. The Cantabrian Sea and the mouths of its rivers have shaped the coast to create a sinuous profile of cliffs, islets, estuaries, seafaring villages, and beaches of all types.





A total of some 70 beaches prepared for tourism make up this littoral, all of which together come to about 50 kilometres in total. From the large expanses of sands, some several kilometres long such as the Merón Beach in San Vicente de la Barquera, Somo or Loredo, to small and cosy coves, all the beaches of the Cantabrian coast are outstanding for the quality of their waters.





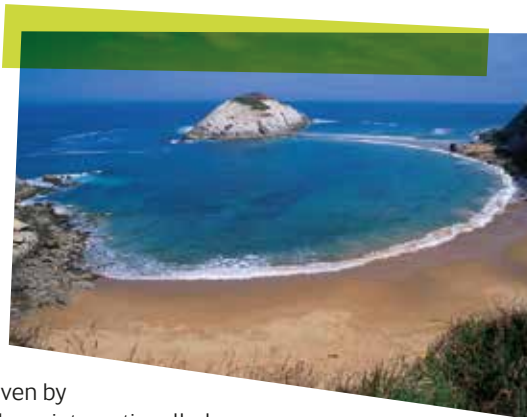
Whether isolated and remote or surrounded by cliffs, urban, wild, large expanses of sand, or small coves...the beaches of Cantabria offer all possible variety of landscapes, shapes and locations.

Examples of urban beaches are those of Santander, all of which are part of the city and perfectly clean, or those of the towns of Castro Urdiales, Laredo, Santoña, Noja, and Comillas, which have all services and amenities.

Apart from these beaches, others more solitary and away from the big urban centres can be found in beautiful natural settings which are less crowded, except for the summer months when swimmers visit them. Examples of these beaches are Langre and El Puntal in Ribamontán al Mar, the Liencres Beach in the Dunes of Liencres Nature Reserve, Oyambre in Valdáliga, and Merón in San Vicente de la Barquera.

Safety rules and recommendations

Enjoying a sunny day at the beach and a swim in the sea is a highly recommended activity which requires certain precautions. When arriving at the beach one must observe the signposts and warning notices at the lifeguard station. This information is given by means of the flags of the three internationally known colours. A green flag means still waters suitable for swimming, while a yellow flag means that care must be taken due to the swell and slight currents. A red flag means that the sea is unsuitable for swimming and it is thus forbidden. The sea conditions can suddenly change so it is recommended that the flags should be checked every few hours. The Cantabrian Sea, in contrast to other coastal areas of the country, has heavy tides every six hours, with two high and two low tides per day.



As far as rules of co-existence are concerned, loud music must not be played and litter must be picked up, in addition to dog mess on beaches where these animals are allowed.

INFORMATION OF INTEREST

TOURIST OFFICES BELONGING TO THE GOVERNMENT OF CANTABRIA

SANTANDER

Regional Tourism Office
Mercado del Este. Hernán Cortés, 4. 39003
Tel. 942 310 708 Fax 942 313 248
Teléfono Vacaciones: 901 111 112
Infocantur: 902 210 112
turismosantander@cantur.com

CASTRO URDIALES

Parque Amestoy, s/n. 39700
Tel. 942 871 512 Fax 942 871 337
turismoastro@cantur.com

LAREDO

Alameda Miramar, s/n. 39770
Teléfono y Fax 942 611 096
turismolaredo@cantur.com

SANTILLANA DEL MAR

Jesús Otero, 20. 39330
Tel. 942 818 251 Fax 942 840 265
turismosantillana@cantur.com

SEVE BALLESTEROS SANTANDER AIRPORT

Arrivals terminal
39600 Camargo. Tel. 942 250 904
turismoaeropuerto@cantur.com

SANTANDER FERRY STATION

Estación Marítima, s/n. 39003
Abierta en días de Ferry/cruceros

SANTANDER BUS STATION

Plaza de las Estaciones, s/n. 39002
Tel. 629 910 440
Abierta en verano, Semana Santa y puentes
turismoestacionbus@cantur.com

UNQUERA

San Felipe Neri, s/n. 39560
(junto a Casa de Cultura Villa Mercedes)
Tel. 690 602 107
turismounquera@cantur.com
Open in Easter and summer

TORREAVEGA

Plaza José María González Trevilla
(Pequeñeces)
39300 - Tel. 942 133 077
turismotorrelavega@cantur.com

CABÁRCENO NATURE PARK

(By the Reptile House)
Open in Easter and summer
Tel. 606 592 281
infoturcabarceno@cantur.com

PILGRIM INFORMATION LEBANIEGO STUDIES CENTER, PILGRIM AID

Tel. 942738 126

MUNICIPAL TOURISM OFFICES OPEN ALL YEAR ROUND

SANTANDER

Jardines de Pereda, s/n. 39002
Tel. 942 203 000 - Fax 942 203 005
turismo@ayto-santander.es

CABEZÓN DE LA SAL

Botín, 1. 39500. Tel. 942 700 332
turismo@cabezondelasal.net

CASTILLO (ARNUERO)

Antiguas Escuelas Castillo 7 Villas. 39193.
Tel. 942 637 915
museohedilla@ecoparque.info

COMILLAS

Town hall ground-floor
Joaquín del Piélagu, 1. 39520
Tel. 942 722 591 Fax 942 720 037
oficinadeturismo@comillas.es

FONTIBRE

Argüeso castle
Hermandad de Campoo de Suso. 39212.
Tel. 942 779 607
cunadelebrofontibre@gmail.com

LIENDO

Town hall ground-floor
Barrio Hazas, 53. 39776
Tel. 942 643 026
turismo@aytoliendo.org

NOJA

Plaza de la Villa s/n, 79-81. 39180
Teléfono y Fax 942 630 306
oficinadeturismo@ayuntamientodenoja.com

POLIENTES

(Facing the Museum of Ethnography)
Barrio La Huertota. 39220
Tel. 942 776 146 Fax 942 776 155
cultura@valderredible.es

POTES

Lebaniego Studies Center. 39570.
Tel. 942 730 787
turismopotes@yahoo.es

RAMALES DE LA VICTORIA

Fundación Orense
Paseo Barón de Adzaneta, 8. 39800
Teléfono y Fax 942 646 504
turismo@cantabriaorientalrural.es

REINOSA

Avda. del Puente de Carlos III, 23. 39200
Tel. 942 755 215 Fax 942 751 147
turismo@aytoreinosa.es

SANTOÑA

Palacio de Manzanedo. 39740
Teléfono y Fax 942 660 066
oficinadeturismo@turismosantona.com

SAN VICENTE DE LA BARQUERA

Avda. del Generalísimo, 20. 39540
Tel. 942 710 797 Fax 942 712 251
oficinadeturismo@sanvicentedelabarquera.es

SUANCES

Mirador Vuelta Ostrera. 39350
Teléfono y Fax 942 810 924
turismo@aytosuances.com

VILLACARRIEDO

Pl. Jacobo Roldán Posada, 1-Zpl. 39640
Tel. 942 591 999
agencia@vallespasiegos.org

TOURIST ATTRACTIONS

ALTAMIRA MUSEUM

39330 Santillana del Mar
Tel. 942 818 815 / 942 818 005
museodealtamira.mcu.es

EL SOPLAO CAVE

Rábago. Tel. 902 820 282.
www.elsoplao.es

MONTE EL CASTILLO CAVES VISITOR CENTER

Puente Viesgo. Tel. 942 598 425
cuevas.culturadecantabria.com

HORNOS DE LA PEÑA CAVE

S. Felices de Buelna.
Tel. 942 598 425
cuevas.culturadecantabria.com

COVALANAS CAVE

Ramales de la Victoria
Tel. 942 598 425
cuevas.culturadecantabria.com

EL PENDO CAVE

Escobedo de Camargo
Tel. 942 5a98 425
cuevas.culturadecantabria.com

CHUFÍN CAVE

Riclonces. Tel. 942 598 425
cuevas.culturadecantabria.com

MUSEUM OF PREHISTORY AND ARCHEOLOGY OF CANTABRIA. MUPAC C/ Bailén s/n. 39003

Tel. 942 209 922
www.museosdecantabria.com

ETHNOGRAPHIC MUSEUM OF CANTABRIA

Muriedas. Tel. 942 251 347
www.museosdecantabria.com

CANTABRIAN MARITIME MUSEUM

S. Martín de Bajamar s/n. Santander
Tel. 942 274 962. www.cantur.com

REGIONAL NATURE MUSEUM

Carrejo. Tel. 942 701 808
www.museosdecantabria.com

CABÁRCENO NATURE PARK

Tel. 942 563 736
www.parquedecabarceno.com

ABRA DEL PAS GOLF COURSE

Mogro. Tel. 942 577 597.
www.cantur.com

NESTARES GOLF COURSE

Las Eras s/n. Tel. 942 771 127.
www.cantur.com

ALTO CAMPOO SKI AND MOUNTAIN RESORT

Brañavieja. Tel. 942 779 223
www.altocampo.com

FUENTE DE CABLE CAR

Tel. 942 736 610 www.cantur.com

CASONA DE TUDANCA

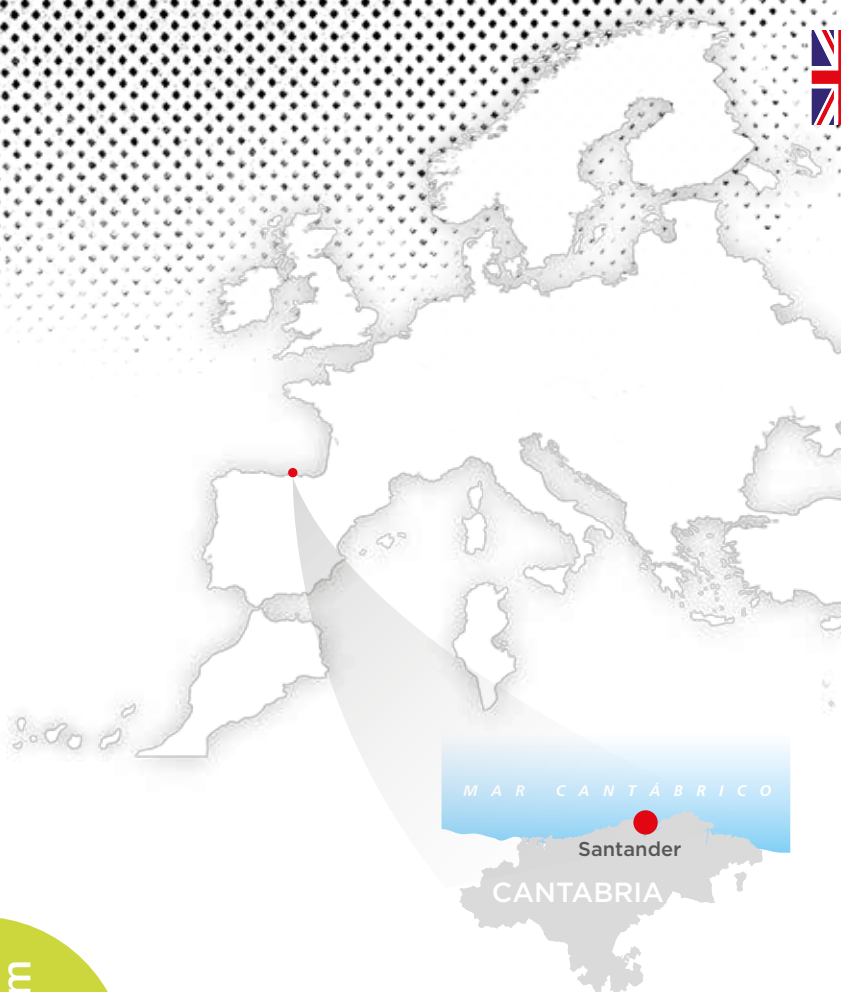
Tel. 942 598 425
www.museosdecantabria.com

JULIÓBRIGA DOMUS VISITORS CENTER

(Retortillo). Tel. 626 325 927
culturadecantabria.com/juliobriga.asp

CAMESA-REBOLLEDO ROMAN AND MEDIEVAL ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE

Tel. 626 325 932
culturadecantabria.com/camesa.asp



www.turismodecantabria.com



**GOBIERNO
de
CANTABRIA**



**Cantabria
Infinita**

Holiday Telephone:
(+34) 901 111 112